



This 2.7 mile (4.5 km) stretch includes urban sections with historic and architectural features.



This 1.5 mile (2.2 km) section takes in some of the best examples of Enfield's parks with their splendid trees and landscape features.

LONDON WALKS
For more information about the Pymmes Brook Trail, please contact the Countryside Management Services on 020 8359 4466 / 4464.
Recreation and Parks Service on 020 8359 4466 / 4464.
www.barnet-lifestyle.org.uk

Walk 2:
A 10 mile walk in three easy sections along the Pymmes Brook and Waterfall Walk.

The trail links up with the London Walks seal of approval, and the Lee Valley Walk. For more information about these and the London Walks - the London Walks seal of approval.

This walk has met the London Walking Forum's criteria for good practice and has been awarded the London Walks seal of approval.

Walk 1:
A 10 mile walk in three easy sections along the Lee Valley Walk.

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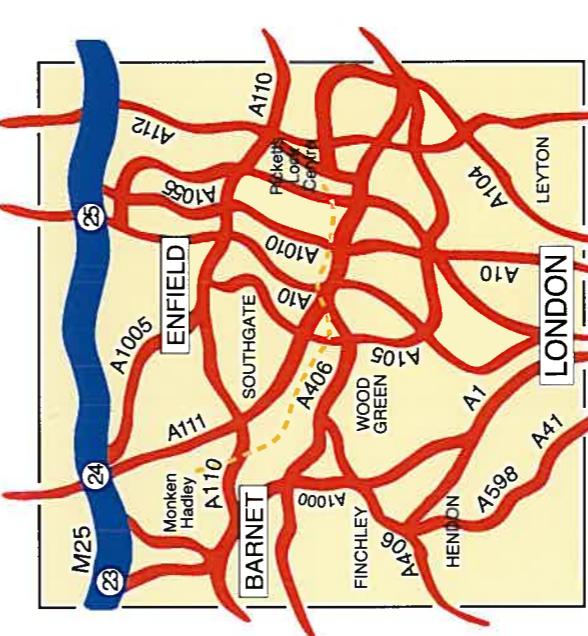
A 10 mile walk in three easy sections

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Less than 150 years ago the Pymmes Brook flowed through a rural area rich in plant and animal life. After this time, industry opened up much of the area to industry and urbanisation. Fortunately, pockets of land escaped the builders' spade, and today the Pymmes Brook Trail allows walkers to enjoy a green route. Use public transport and bus to complete the walk.

The walk may be joined at a number of points, and walked in either direction. Follow the distributor blue and white waymarks along the Pymmes Brook. Along the Pymmes Brook, people together to find your way home. Information on statues and bus stops is given on the map.

For more information on London Transport buses or the Underground phone 020 7222 1234. For rail times call 0845 784 49 50.



A 10 mile walk in three easy sections

Tile Kiln Lane

Tile Kiln Lane was, as its name suggests, formerly an area of brickworks. Millfield House was once a school for workhouse children from crowded inner London. Evidence showed many of the children were poorly treated. By 1897 reforms were made and the 400 paupers who lived here underwent schooling and were taught trades. The building is now an arts centre.

After the allotments you will cross Tanners End (once the centre of the local leather tanning industry). Look out for the two Victorian chapels.

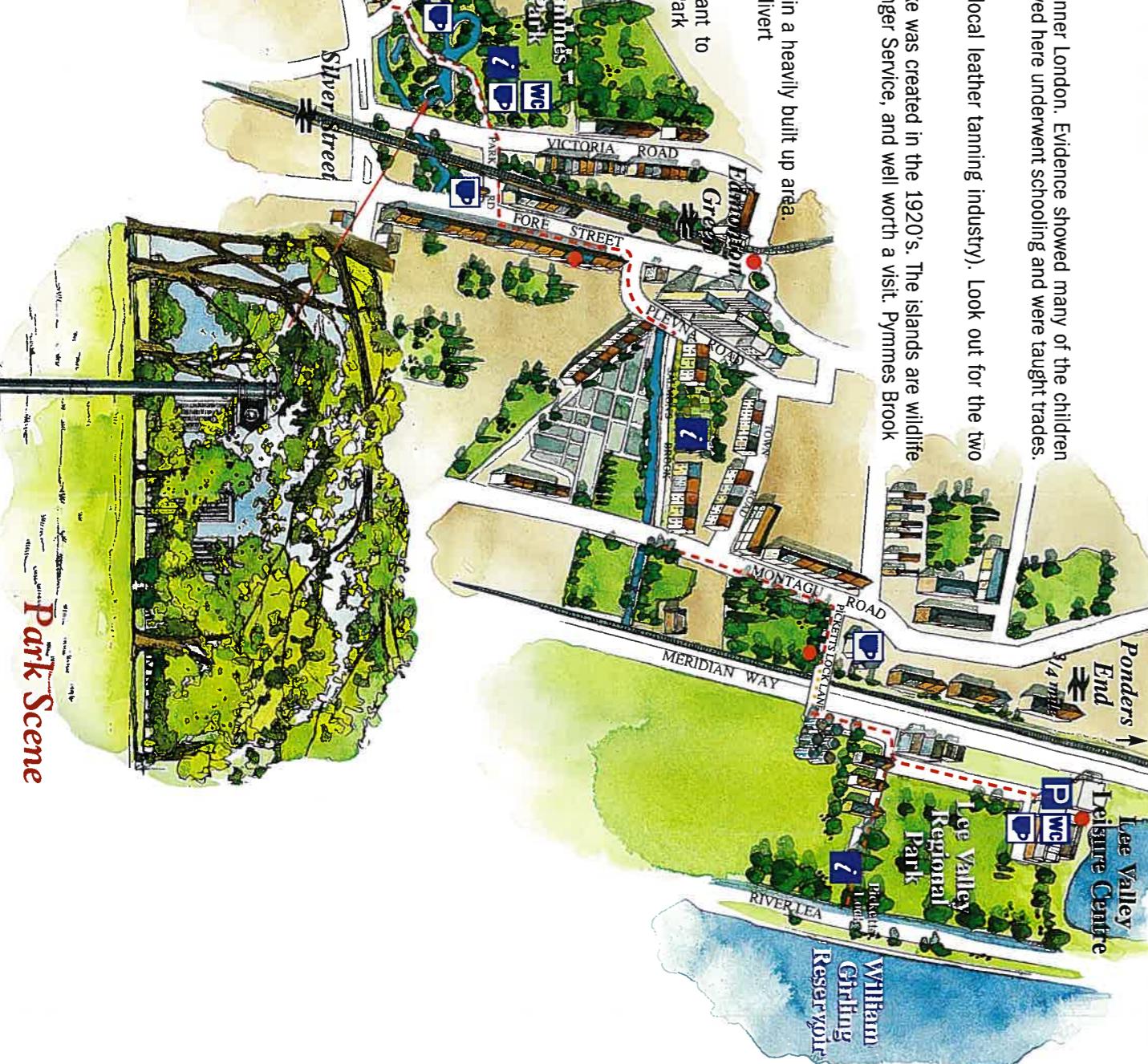
Pymmes Park was bought by Enfield Council in 1899, and the boating lake was created in the 1920's. The islands are wildlife refuges. The park also has a visitor centre which is staffed by the Enfield Ranger Service, and well worth a visit. Pymmes Brook is culverted underground from here almost to the River Lea.

Edmonton Green shopping centre was indeed once a village green.

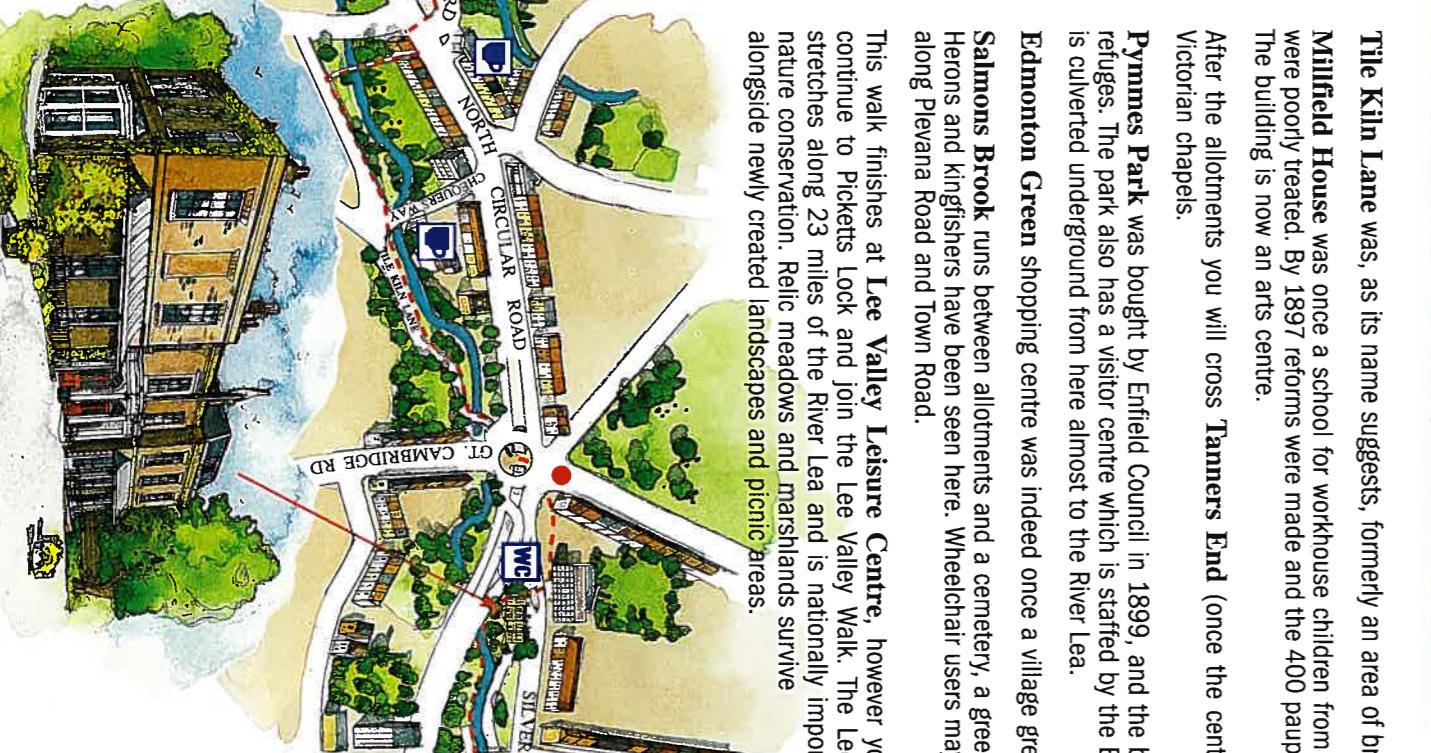
Salmons Brook runs between allotments and a cemetery, a green corridor in a heavily built up area. Herons and kingfishers have been seen here. Wheelchair users may wish to divert along Plevana Road and Town Road.

This walk finishes at Lee Valley Leisure Centre, however you may want to continue to Picketts Lock and join the Lee Valley Walk. The Lee Valley Park stretches along 23 miles of the River Lea and is nationally important for nature conservation. Relic meadows and marshlands survive alongside newly created landscapes and picnic areas.

Millfield House



Park Scene

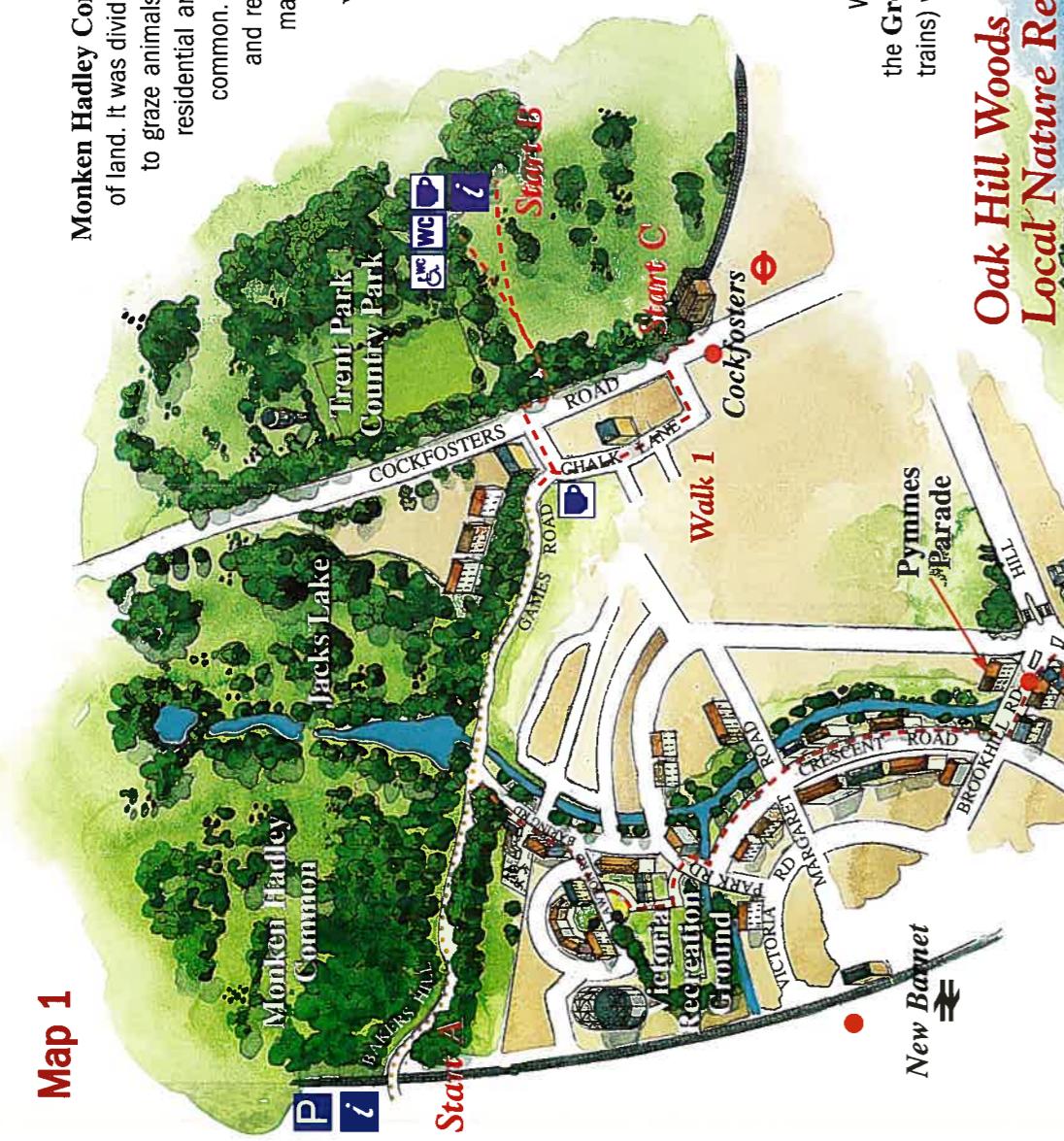


Map 2



Choose from one of the starting points (A, B or C) at the northern end of the trail, and follow the signs through Monken Hadley Common.

Map 1



Monken Hadley Common was once part of Enfield Chase royal hunting forest which covered 8000 acres of land. It was divided up and enclosed in the eighteenth century. Local householders exercised their right to graze animals here until 1925, and the five white gates prevented horses and cows straying into residential areas. Since grazing ceased, woodland has established, and now covers much of the common. Today the common is an excellent place to spot dragonflies, butterflies, amphibians and reptiles - keep an eye open for grass snakes on sunny days. On summer evenings you may see pipistrelle, daubenton or noctule bats snatching insects above Jacks Lake.

Victoria Recreation Ground is a typical Victorian neighbourhood park. Many parks, zoological and botanical gardens were established during this period, when people from all walks of life came to delight in and study the diversity of nature.

Crescent Road includes a stretch of Edwardian 'villa' housing.

Pymmes Parade is an ancient road that once had a gate across it marking the boundary between Hertfordshire and Middlesex.

Oak Hill Park was first opened to the public in 1933. The sides of the park are steep, reminding us that the park is an old river valley. The woodland below Oak Hill Theological College is a Local Nature Reserve and is important for bats. There are two waymarked trails around the reserve (leaflets are available from Barnet Recreation and Parks Service.)

Whilst walking down East or West Walk look out for the spire of the **Chapel of Rest** in the **Great Northern Cemetery**. The cemetery (which had its own station receiving funeral trains) was built as an out of town burial ground after public health reforms in 1861.

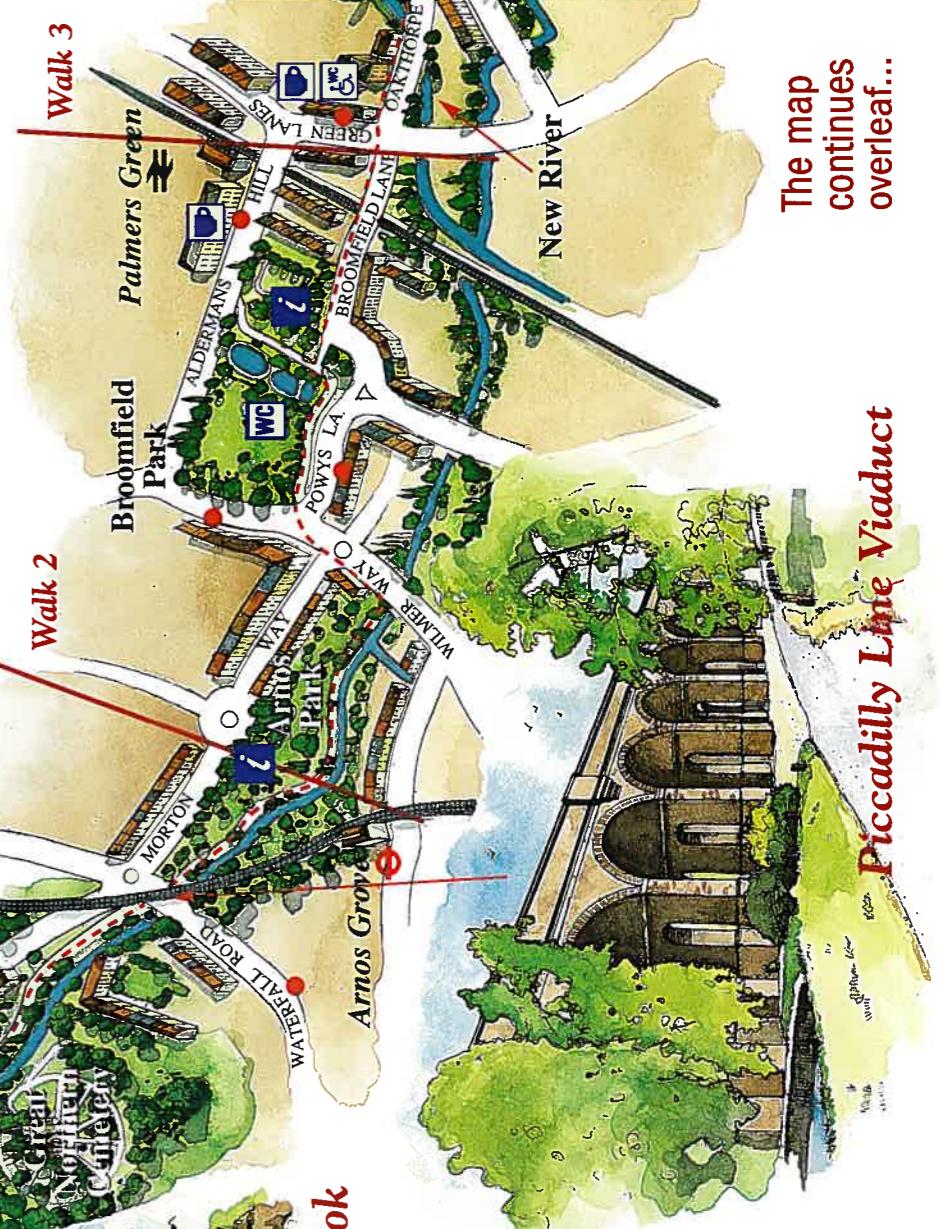
The trail follows the **Waterfall Walk** through **Brunswick Park**, named for the small weirs across the Pymmes Brook. This area is less formally managed than many town parks to encourage wildlife. Keep a look out for kingfishers along the brook, and foxes at dusk.

Waterfall Road was a small ford until the turn of the century. Crossing the road you enter Enfield and Southgate, originally the south gate to Enfield Chase.

At **Arnos Park** the Pymmes Brook is joined by Bowes Brook. In Tudor times the Park was covered by hornbeam coppice woodland. The trees were cropped to ground level every few years and allowed to regrow. The cuttings were used as firewood and the bark sold to the leather tanners of the Tanners End area of Edmonton. In 1590 the Park was the scene of a witch hunt.

Oak Hill Theological College

Not suitable for wheelchairs
Pymmes Brook Trail
Car park
Information panel
Toilets
Disabled toilets
Refreshments
Housing and industry
Bus stop
Underground station
Railway station



Broomfield Park encompasses the remains of ancient parkland with many fine trees, including two yews which are believed to be over eight hundred years old. The old mansion is said to have been used as a hunting lodge by James I. Look out for the Tudor entrance hall and gateway. The four lakes were originally fishponds for the convent that once stood here. There is also a scented garden with Braille signs for the visually impaired.

At **Green Lanes** look out for the 1930's clock tower.

For nearly four hundred years the **New River** has carried fresh water to inner London. It now supplies London with 180 million litres of drinking water every day.

The map continues overleaf...
Piccadilly Line Viaduct