website. A pre-application advice service is also offered. In this case, formal pre-application advice was sought prior to submission of the application and the proposal was generally in accordance with this advice. The Local Planning Authority has negotiated with the applicant where necessary during the application process to ensure that the proposed development is in accordance with the Council's relevant policies and guidance.

In complying with the contaminated land condition parts 1 and 2, reference should be made at all stages to appropriate current guidance and codes of practice. This would include:

 The Environment Agency CLR & SR Guidance documents (including CLR11 'Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination');
National Planning Policy Framework (2012) / National Planning Practice Guidance (2014);

3) BS10175:2011 - Investigation of potentially contaminated sites - Code of Practice;

4) Guidance for the safe development of housing on land affected by contamination, (2008) by NHSC, the EA and CIEH;

5) CIRIA report C665 - Assessing risks posed by hereardous ground gases to buildings;

6) CIRIA report C788 Asbestos in sell and made ground: a guide to understanding and managine isks.

Please note that in addition to the above, consultants should refer to the most relevant and up to data guidance and codes of practice if not already listed in the above list

Demolition should be carried out by an approved contractor and residents notified at least seven days prior to commencement.

The applicant is advised to engage a qualified acoustic consultant to advise on the scheme, including the specifications of any materials, construction, image and equipment necessary to achieve satisfactory internal noise levels in this location.

In addition to the project control measures and details, the scheme needs to clearly set out the larget noise levels for the habitable rooms, including for bedrooms at where, and the levels that the sound insulation scheme would achieve.

The Council's Sustainable Design and Construction Supplementary Planning Document requires that dwellings are designed and built to insulate against external noise so that the internal noise level in rooms does not exceed 30dB(A) expressed as an Leq between the hours of 11.00pm and 7.00am, nor 30dB(A) expressed as an Leq between the hours of 7.00am and 11.00pm (Guidelines for Community Noise, WHO). This needs to be considered in the context of room ventilation requirements.

The details of acoustic consultants can be obtained from the following contacts: a) Institute of Acoustics and b) Association of Noise Consultants.

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The assessment and report on the noise impacts of a development should use methods of measurement, calculation, prediction and assessment of noise levels and impacts that comply with the following standards, where appropriate:

1) BS 7445(2003) Pt 1, BS7445 (1991) Pts 2 & 3 - Description and measurement of environmental noise;

2) BS 4142:1997 - Method for rating industrial noise affecting mixed residential and industrial areas;

3) BS 8223: 2014 – Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings: code of practice;

4) Department of Transport: Calculation of read traffic noise (1988);

5) Department of Transport: Calculation of mailway noise (1995);

6) National Planning Policy Framework (2012)/ National Planning Policy Guidance (2014).

Please note that in addition to the above, consultants should refer to the most relevant and up to date guidance and codes of practice if not already listed in the above list.

Air Quality Stage 4 Review and Assessment for the London Borough of Barnet has highlighted that this area currently experiences or is likely to experience exceedances of Government set health-based air quality standards. A list of possible options for mitigating poor air quality is as follows: 1) Use of passive or active air conditioning; 2) Use of acoustic ventilators: 3: Altering lay out so mathematic rooms are sited away from source of coor air quality; 4) then residential usage of lower floors; 5) Altering footomt by storg further evay from source of poor air quality.

For developments that require an ArcQuality report; the report should have regard to the air quality predictions and monitoring results from the Stage Four of the Authority's Review and Assessment available from the LPA web site and the London Air Quality Network. The report should be written in accordance with the following guidance: 1) Environmental Protection UK Guidance: Development Control: Planning for Air Quality (2010); 2) Environment Act 1995 Air Quality Regulations; 3) Local Air Quality Management Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(09); 4) London Councils Air Quality and Planning Guidance (2007).

Please note that in addition to the above, consultants should refer to the most relevant and up to date guidance and codes of practice if not already listed in the above list.

7 It is the responsibility of a developer to make proper provision for drainage to ground, water courses or a suitable sewer. In respect of surface water it is recommended that the applicant should ensure that storm flows are attenuated or regulated into the receiving public network through on or off site storage. When it is proposed to connect to a combined public sewer, the site drainage should be separate and combined at the final manhole nearest the boundary. Connections are not permitted for the removal of Ground Water. Where a developer proposes to discharge water to a public sewer, prior approval from Thames Water Developer Services will be required. They can be contacted on 0845 850 2777.

Due to the presence of National Grid apparatus in proximity to the site, any person wishing to implement the development must contact National Grid before any works are carried out, to ensure their apparatus is not affected. The National Grid Plant Protection Team can be contacted at on 0800 688 588 and at <u>plantprotection@nationalgrid.com</u> or at Plant Protection, National Grid, Block 1 Floor 1, Brick Kiln Street, Hinckley LE10 0NA.

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9 Following the planning consent for this development, the developer will be required to agree with the Highways Authority all off site highway works on the public highway fronting this development to facilitate the proposed development under Section 278 of the Highways Act 1980. Approval must be sought to carry out any form of work on the public highway from the Highways Authority. The works required are: oreating the new access points, modifications of the works required are: oreating the new access points, modifications of the existing crossover(s) and footway improvements in the vicinity.

Any existing street furning or lighting column affected by the proposed works would be relocated and charged under a rechargeable works agreement by the Council's term acotractor for Highway Works.

- 10 The written scheme of investigation will need to be prepared and implemented by a suitably qualified archaeological practice in accordance with English Heritage Greater Lundon Archaeology guidelines. It must be approved by the planning authority before any on-site development related activity occurs.
- 11 The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) applies to all 'chargeable development'. This is defined as development of one or more additional units, and / or an increase to existing floor space of more than 100 sq m. Details of how the varculations work are provided in guidance documents on the Planning Portal at www.planningportal.gov.uk/cil.

The Mayor of condon adopted a CIL charge on 1st April 2012 setting a rate of £35 per sq m on all forms of development in Barnet except for education and health developments which are exempt from this charge. Your planning application has been assessed at this time as liable for a £447,077 payment under Mayoral CIL.

The London Borough of Barnet adopted a CIL charge on 1st May 2013 setting a rate of £135 per sq m on residential and retail development in its area of authority. All other uses and ancillary car parking are exempt from this charge. Your planning application has been assessed at this time as liable for a £1,608,794 payment under Barnet CIL.

Liability for CIL will be recorded to the register of Local Land Charges as a legal charge upon your site payable should you commence development.

Receipts of the Mayoral CIL charge are collected by the London Borough of Barnet on behalf of the Mayor of London; receipts are passed across to Transport for London to support Crossrail, London's highest infrastructure priority.

You will be sent a 'Liability Notice' that provides full details of the charge and to whom it has been apportioned for payment. If you wish to identify named parties other than the applicant for this permission as the liable party for paying this levy, please submit to the Council an 'Assumption of Liability' notice, which is also available from the Planning Portal website.

The Community Infrastructure Levy becomes payable upon commencement of development. You are required to subplifie Notice of Commencement' to the Council's CIL Team prior to commencing on site, and failure to provide such information at the due date will incur both surcharges and penalty interest. There are various other charges and succharges that may apply if you fail to meet other statutory requirements valeting to CIL, such requirements will all be set out in the Liability Notice you will receive. You may wish to seek professional placing advice to ensure that you comply fully with the requirements of CIL Regulations.

If you have a specific question or matter you need to discuss with the CIL team, or you fail to receive a Landility Notice from the Council within 1 month of this grant of planning permission, please email us: cil@barnet@ov.uk.

## Relief or Exemption from CIL

It social housing or analitable relief applies to your development or your development falls within one of the following categories then this may reduce the final amount you are required to pay; such relief must be applied for prior to commencement of development using the 'Claiming Exemption or Relief' form available from the Planning Portal website: www.stanningportatioov.uk/cil.

You can actentically apply for relief or exemption under the following categories:

#### 1. Charity

If you are a charity, intend to use the development for social housing or feel that there are exception circumstances affecting your development, you may be eligible for a reduction (partial or entire) in this CIL Liability. Please see the documentation published by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/fil e/6314/19021101.pdf

2. Residential Annexes or Extension

You can apply for exemption or relief to the collecting authority in

accordance with Regulation 42(B) of Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations (2010), as amended before commencement of the chargeable development.

## 3. Self Build

Application can be made to the collecting authority provided you comply with the regulation as detailed in the legislation.gov.uk

### Visit

http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/applications/howtoapply/whattosu bmit/cil for further details on exemption and relief

# Date of Decision: \*\*DRAFT\*\*

Signed:

Acting for Joe Henry Acting Assistant Director of Planning and Development Management

#### NOTE(S):-

- 1. Your attention is drawn to the attached Schedule which sets out the rights of applicant who is aggrieved by a decision of the Local Planning Authority.
- 2. This Notice relates solely to a planning decision and does not purport to convey any approval or consent which may be required under the Building Regulations or any other statutory purpose.

For more information about making a Building Regulations application, please contact the Barnet Council Building Control team by email: <u>building.control@barnet.gov.uk</u>, telephone: 0208 359 4500, or see our website at <u>www.barnet.gov.uk/building-control</u>

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